Worksheet 2

- 1. Prove that if $gcd(a, b) \neq 1$, then \exists a prime p such that $p \mid a$ and $p \mid b$.
- 2. Write down the multiplication table for $\mathbb{Z}/6\mathbb{Z}$.
- 3. Let $f(x) = x^2 + 101x + 1532$. Compute the remainder of f(10003) on division by 5.